DESIGNING NEW DRUGS BASED ON SNAKE, SCORPION AND MUSHROOM POISONS: SYNTHESIS AND CHARACTERIZATION OF CYSTEINE-RICH MACROCYCLE Joseph M. Mellberg, and Eric E. Simanek* Department of Chemistry & Biochemistry, Texas Christian University



 α -Amanitin (shown above) is a natural macrocycle found in the death-cap mushroom and has shown promise as a potential chemotherapy drug. In experiments by Kume et al., sub-peritoneal injections of α -amanitin prevented chemotherapy-resistant cancer relapse.

The structure of α -amanitin is heavily informed by its bicyclic structure, which increases rigidity; however, the synthesis of the structure is both long and tedious. In this project, the cysteine-rich macrocycle is produced using a simple and efficient synthesis to yield a macrocycle containing the same number of ring atoms as α -amanitin (24 atoms). This synthetic strategy generates the question: can similar, biologically useful molecules be synthesized easily?

Images Adapted From: Kaveh Matinkhoo, Alla Pryyma, Mihajlo Todorovic, Brian O. Patrick, and David M. Perrin Journal of the American Chemical Society 2018 140 (21), 6513-6517







