

COLLEGEOF SCIENCE & ENGINEERING

ABSTRACT

Oxidative stress is the unmitigated accumulation of reactive oxygen species (ROS) in the body and is a key player neurological diseases like Parkinson's and Alzheimer's. Superoxide dismutase (SOD) enzymes are capable of transforming the common ROS molecule superoxide (O_2^{-}) into less toxic species H_2O_2 or O_2 , thus protecting the body from harmful reactions of superoxide. Synthetic metal complexes show promise as SOD mimics and could be effective alternatives to therapeutic dosing of SOD enzyme for oxidative stress.¹ In this work, we present a series of 12-membered tetra-aza pyridinophanes \langle $(\mathbf{Py_2N_2})$ and the corresponding copper complexes with substitutions $/^{NH}$ on the 4-position of the pyridine ring.^{2,3} Spectroscopic and potentiometric methods were used to explore how the electronic $\mathbf{R} = \mathbf{OMe}, \mathbf{H}, \mathbf{I}, \mathbf{CI}^{CI}$ nature of the 4-position substitution affects the electronics of the overall complex, and comparison to our established PyN₃ series explores structural change affects characterization. The SOD

mimic capabilities of the Cu[Py₂N₂]Cl₂ series were explored using a UV-visible spectrophotometric assay. This work is an initial step toward developing these Cu[Py2N2]Cl2 complexes as potential therapeutics for neurological diseases by mimicking SOD's capabilities and protecting the body from oxidative stress.

SYNTHESIS



Rings of Power: Controlling SOD Mimic Activity with Pyridinophane Modifications





	$ \begin{array}{c} \downarrow \\ N \\ HN \\ HN \\ HN \\ R \\ R \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} H^+ \\ HHN^+ \\ HHN^+ \\ R \\ R \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} H^+ \\ HHN^+ \\ HHN^+ \\ R \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} H^+ \\ HHN^+ \\ R \\ \end{array} \right) $		
	^{OMe} Py ₂ N ₂	^H Py ₂ N ₂	^I Py ₂ N ₂
log K ₁ ^H	8.05(8)	8.35(2)	ŧ
log K ₂ ^H	7.01(7)	7.42(2)	+
Σlog K _{N-donors}	15.06	15.77	+
	^{оме} РуN ₃	^H PyN ₃	^I PyN ₃
log K ₁ ^H	10.32(2)	11.37(1)	11.20(3)
log K ₂ ^H	8.00(3)	8.22(5)	7.86(9)
log K ₃ ^H	1.75(4)	1.61(5)	0.68(12)
Σ log K _{N-donors}	20.07	21.20	19.74







CONCLUSIONS

1. Successful synthesis, purification, and characterization of Py₂N₂ series, Cu(II) complexes.



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Instrumentation provided by Texas Christian University, College of Science & Engineering, Department of Chemistry & Biochemistry.





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