

COLLEGE OF

SCIENCE & ENGINEERING

INSTITUTE OF BEHAVIORAL RESEARCH



<ul> <li>Introduction</li> <li>Homelessness is often associated with alcohol consumption, feelings of helplessness, and lack of social support.<sup>1</sup></li> <li>In 2023, over 650,000 people experienced homelessness in the United States.<sup>2</sup></li> <li>Aim</li> <li>The purpose of this study is to identify alcohol use patterns in adults in the homeless community and its relationship to the participant's perceived social support (i.e., significant other, family, and/or friends).</li> </ul>			<ul> <li>Results</li> <li>Alcohol:</li> <li>The likelihood of someone receiving treatment for alcohol use in the past 6 months was not significantly related to perceived social support from significant others (r = .13, p = .440) or friends (r = .25, p = .122), but it was significantly related to social support received from family members (r = .32, p = .047).</li> <li>Homelessness:</li> <li>55% of participants have been homeless for over six months.</li> <li>Obtaining rental assistance was the most difficult type of help to receive (61.4%), followed by shelter (36.4%), and food (22.7%).</li> </ul>		
Sample	Method		What would be most helpful for ending your homelessness?	Total (n)	Percent (%)
<ul> <li>Surveys obtained from shelter in Fort Wort</li> </ul>	rom 44 individuals living a h, Texas.	at local homless	( <i>N</i> = 44) Shelter	18	40.9
Measures		Tent	6	13.6	
<ul> <li><u>Homelessness</u>: Lived Experience of Homelessness Survey</li> <li><u>Alcohol Dependence</u>: Alcohol Dependence Scale</li> </ul>			Housing	33	75.0
<ul> <li><u>Social Support</u>: Multidimensional Scale of Perceived Social</li> </ul>			Hotel Voucher	24	54.5
Support Analysis			Food	23	52.3
<ul> <li>Descriptive statistics and correlations were used to determine</li> </ul>			Hygiene kits	18	40.9
how alcohol use influenced perceived social support from family,			Showers	20	45.5
friends, and significant others.			Bus Pass	23	52.3
Demographics ( <i>N</i> = 44)	Total ( <i>n</i> )	Percent (%)	Workforce Placement (Job)	20	45.5
Sex			Mental Health	18	40.9
Female	12	27.3	Treatment	10	12 2
Male Hispanic	32	72.7	Medical Care	19	43.2
Hispanic No	26	59.1	Dental Care	19	43.2
Yes	17	38.6	Substance Use Treatment	12	27.3
Race			Identification	21	47.7
Asian	1	2.3	Social Security Card	19	43.2
Black	18	40.9	Case Management	19	43.2
White Other or unknown	15 5	34.1 11.4	Phone	24	54.5
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# **Alcohol Use Patterns Among The Homeless Community in Relationship** to Willingness to Seek Help and Overall Wellbeing

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# **Correlations with Time in Treatment for Alcohol**

## Variable

- 1. Significan
- 2. Family Supr
- 3. Friends Support

*Note*. \*Correlation is significant at p < .05.

### **Alcohol and Support**

### Homelessness

### Limitations

population.

### **Future Directions:**

- shelter environment.



Treatment	for A	Icohol

0.13

0.32\*

nt Other Support	
upport	

0.25

# Discussion

• Participants who have received treatment for alcohol use are more likely to have a stronger relationship with their family members.

• Half of the participants have been homeless for over six months. Receiving housing assistance was the most challenging type of help to receive among participants.

Housing, bus passes, and phones were seen as helpful items in ending participants' homelessness.

• Sample not diverse or large enough to represent the entire

Examine possibilities for addressing homelessness outside of the

• Further explore the relationship between those receiving treatment for their alcohol use and social support from family.

# References

1. Neisler, J., Shree, S., Reitzel, L. R., Chen, T. A., Kendzor, D. E., Obasi, E. M., Wrighting, Q., & Businelle, M. S. (2019). Characterizing Alcohol Use Behaviors among Homeless Men and Women. American Journal of Health Behavior, 43(1), 37–49. <u>https://doi.org/10.5993/AJHB.43.1.4</u> 2. The U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (2023). 2023 Annual Homelessness Assessment Report (AHAR) to Congress. U.S. Government Office of Policy Development and Research (PD&R). www.huduser.gov/portal/sites/default/files/pdf/2023-AHAR-Part-1.pdf