

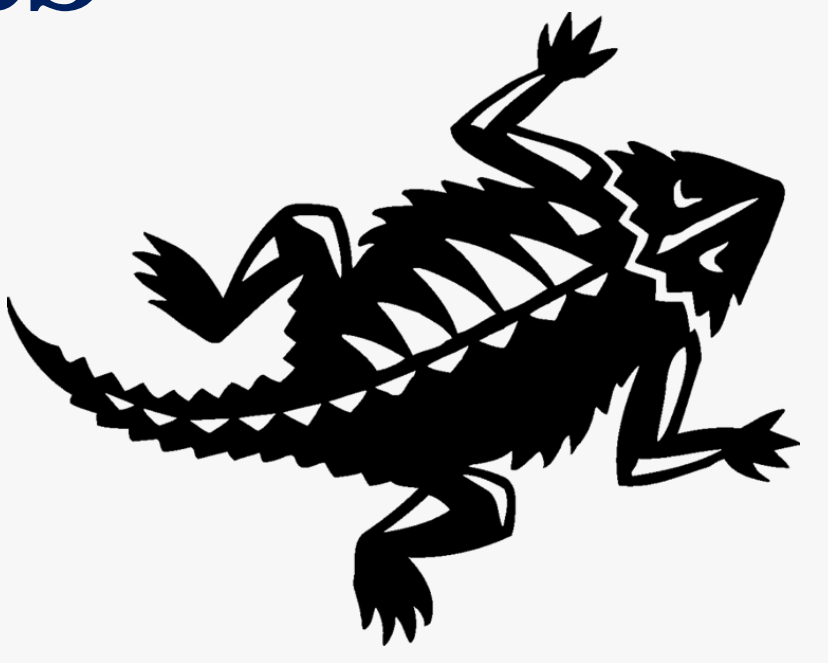
# Benchmarking a Computational Workflow Modeling Near-Infrared-Emitting Graphene Quantum Dots

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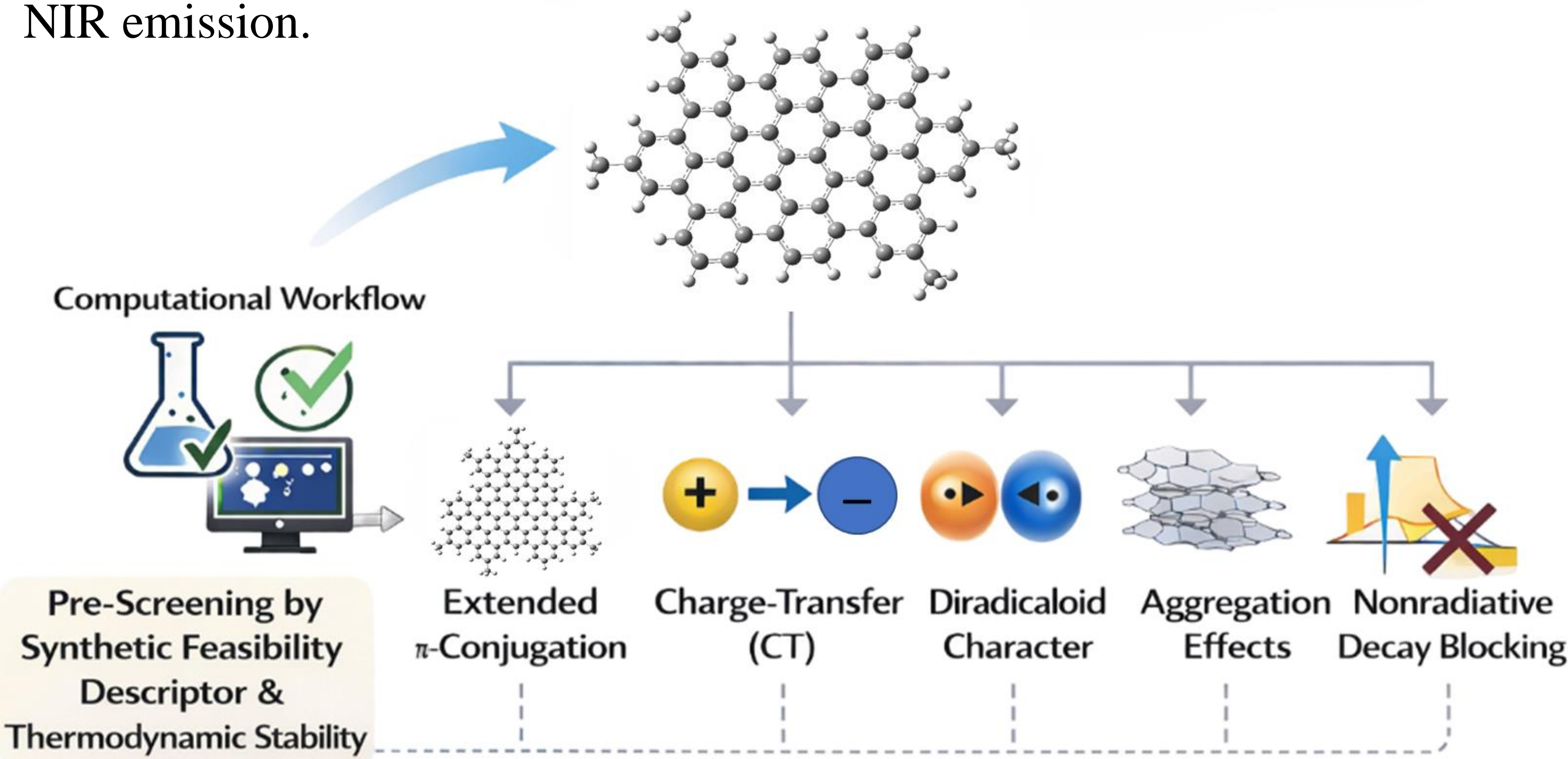
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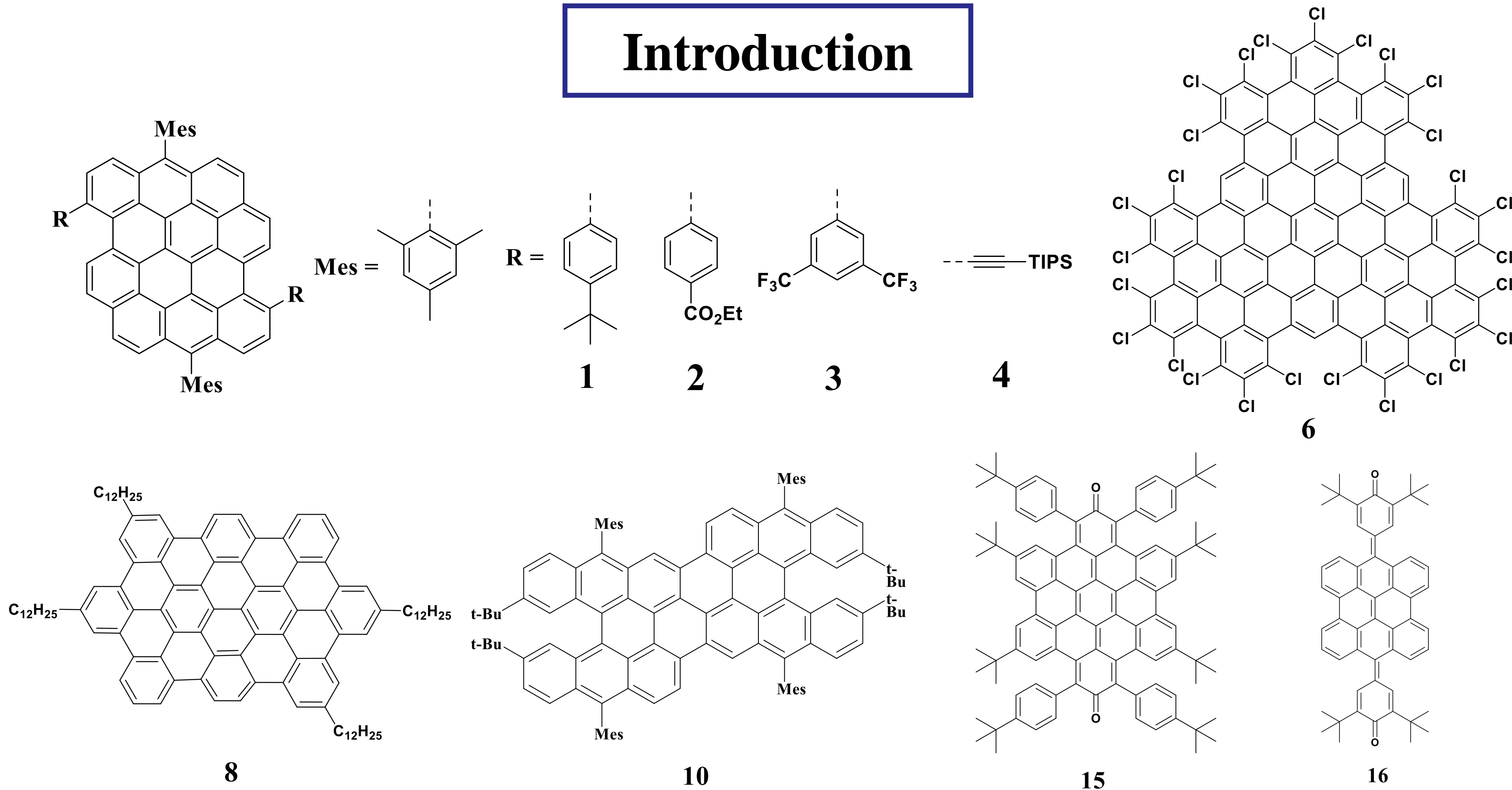


## Abstract

- Graphene quantum dots (GQDs) are emerging nanocarbon materials with tunable electronic structures and strong NIR emission, making them promising for bioimaging applications.
- The chromophores responsible for GQDs' NIR emission are often poorly characterized, limiting rational design and clinical applications.
- Extended  $\pi$ -conjugation, charge-transfer excitations, the presence of diradicaloids, stacking of multiple GQD layers, and blocking of nonradiative decay (as seen in non-aromatic fluorescence) may all contribute to GQDs' NIR emission.



## Introduction

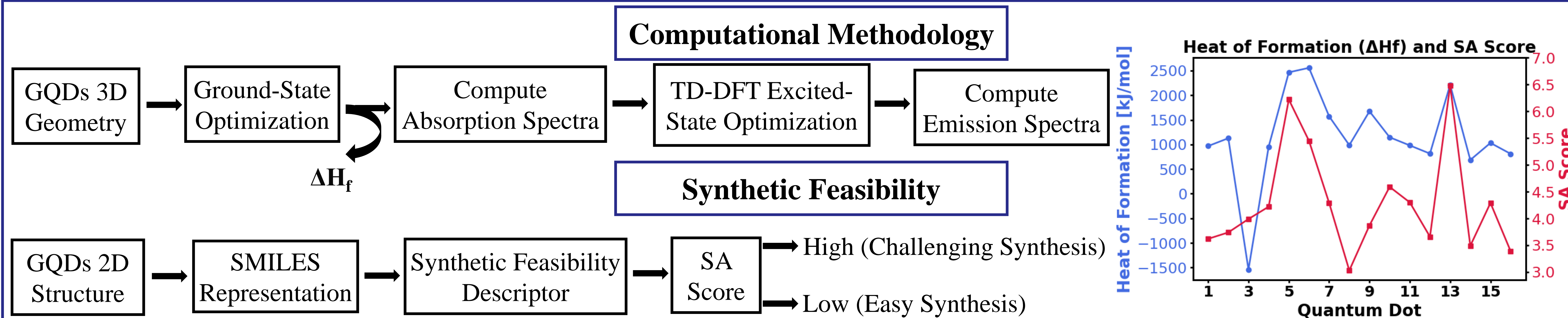


## Problem Statement

- The chromophores responsible for NIR emission in GQDs remain poorly characterized.

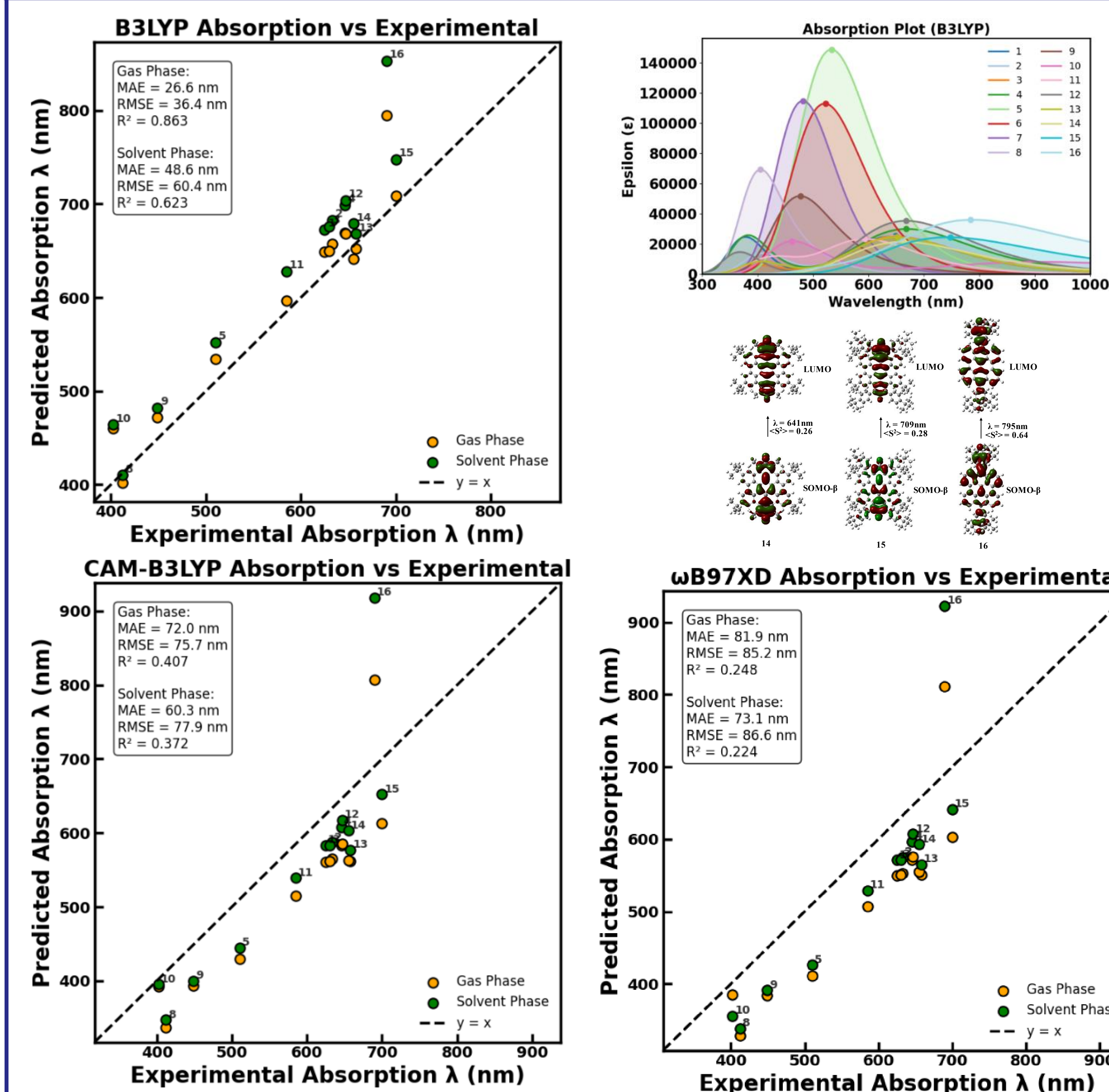
## Objective

- Identify the chromophores responsible for near-infrared (NIR) emission in GQDs.
- Evaluate the performance of TD-DFT functionals for predicting absorption and emission wavelengths.
- Develop an efficient computational workflow for modeling NIR-Emitting GQDs.

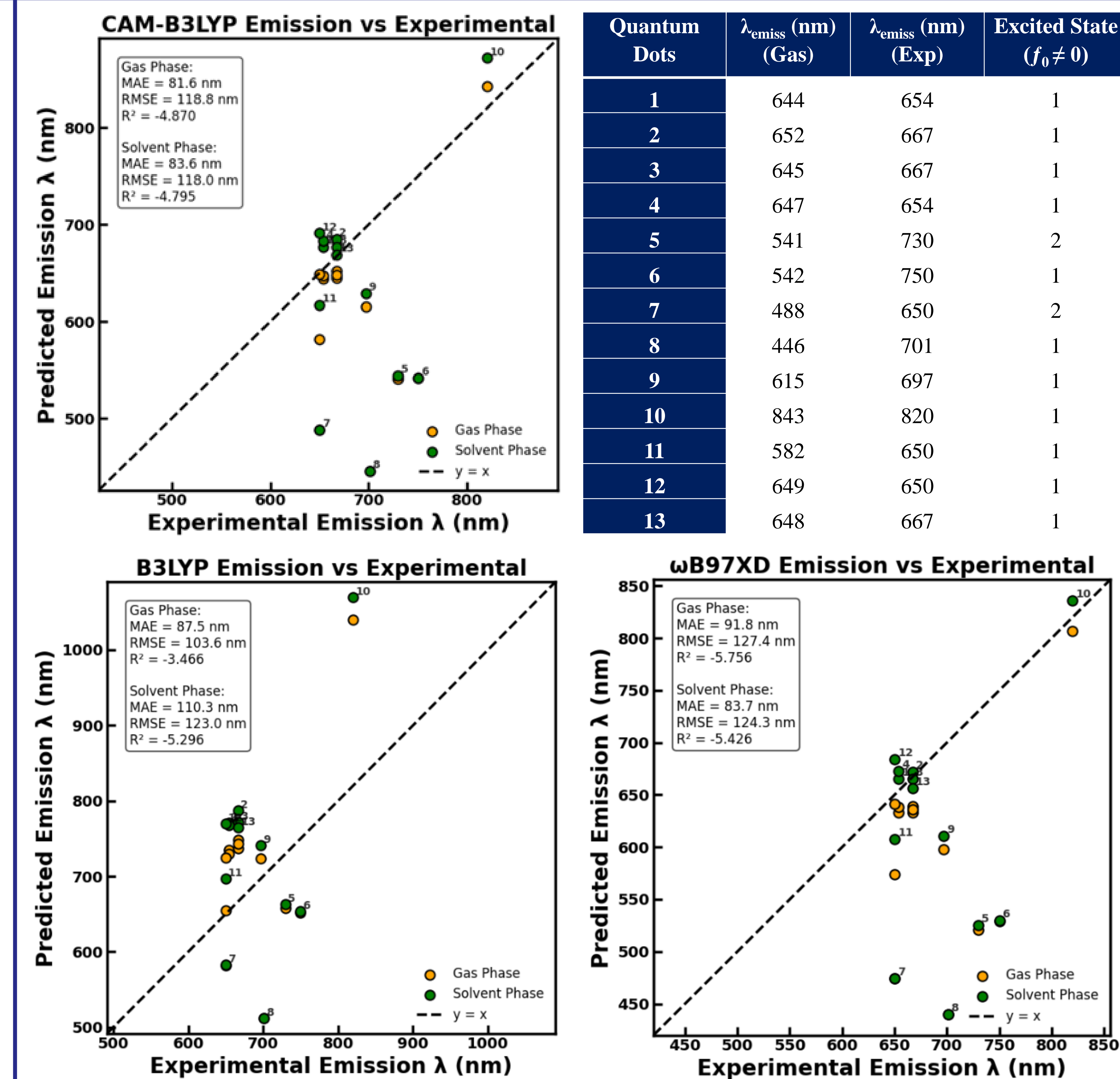


## TD-DFT Benchmarking of Absorption & Emission

### Absorption Benchmarking



### Emission Benchmarking



## Conclusion & Future Work

- Developed a computational workflow for predictive modeling and high-throughput design of NIR-emitting GQDs.
- B3LYP accurately predicts absorption, while CAM-B3LYP provides reliable emission wavelengths for NIR GQDs.
- NIR emission arises from  $\pi$ -conjugation, charge-transfer character, diradical effects, and aggregation/stacking interactions.
- Future work will extend this protocol to design new NIR-emitting graphene nanostructures with well-characterized chromophores.

## References & Acknowledgements

- Ali, M. H.; Janesko, B. G.; Rana, M. M.; Saleem, U.; Gajula, N. M. Benchmarking a Computational Workflow Modeling Near-Infrared-Emitting Graphene Quantum Dots. *The Journal of Physical Chemistry C* 2026.



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